

The Times.

SIXTH YEAR. VOL. XI. NO. 48.

LOS ANGELES, FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1887.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
McLAIN & LEHMAN, Managers.

America's Greatest Heroic Actor,

LEWIS

Supported by his admirable company.

Owing to the brilliant success of
FAUST AND MARGUERITE!

It will be repeated

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS
AND SATURDAY MATINEE.

SATURDAY EVENING, elaborate scenic pro-
duction of *Augustin Daly's*

UNDER THE GASLIGHT!

PIER 30, NORTH RIVER.

The sensational RAILROAD SCENE, by
Wm. Voigt.

Special Notices.

DR. TREAT, THE GREAT INDIAN

Corn Doctor, has located for a season at 33 S. Main. Those having sore corns, warts, bunions and ingrowings, etc., are invited to call.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CAPITALISTS

In an interest with a firm of highest com-
mercial standing, in an enterprise promising to
make a large profit, is to be placed by **W. LEWIS**

BANGS & CO.

DR. TREAT'S OPERATIONS ON
corns, warts, bunions and ingrowings are
safely fixed and painless.

THE HEBREW LADIES' AID SO-

ciet will give a social at Odd Fellows' Hall,
over the post office, 10th and Spring, on Friday
28th. Admission for gentlemen and lady, 50 cents.

DR. TREAT, AT 33 S. MAIN ST.,

gives his operations gratis if not painless.

STANTON W. R. C., NO. 16, WILL

hold a special meeting Saturday, 29th, at
2:30 p.m. 30th, Spring st.

DR. TREAT, AT 33 S. MAIN ST.,

in daily operation on some of our best citizens.

DR. TREAT'S PAINLESS CORN

extractor and you will surely find it a treat.

FIVE CENTS A LINE.

Wants.

Wanted—Help.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN FROM 17
to 25 years old, to get permanent employ-
ment; if suitable, give good references. Address,
for interview, WILLIAM LANE, No. 11 S. Spring.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A GOOD

draughtsman, to run out working drawings
from blue prints. Address **W. LEWIS**

BANGS & CO.

DR. TREAT, AT 33 S. MAIN ST.,

Wanted—A COMPETENT GIRL TO
do cooking and general housework in a small
family. Address S. Times office.

WANTED—10 EXPERT PENMEN, AT
once. LOS ANGELES ABSTRACT COM-
PANY, NO. 12 Court st.

WANTED—TABLE AND CHAMBER
gir, at 304 Fort st., cor. Main st.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG
man who can keep accounts, furnish heat of
references and give bond, if required; would work
in and drive delivery wagon, take charge of route
to do work of like character. Address A. F. Hall,
Times office.

WANTED—POSITION IN A BANK,
express or railroad office, by a young man of
7 years' experience in express, bank or railroad
of references, and bond if required. Address R. Box
206, City.

WANTED—SITUATION IN AMER-
ICAN house as housekeeper in a large family;
is a widow. Address Mrs. T. E. TREVY,
Schleifer st., cor. Hawkins st., East Los Angeles.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EX-
perienced person to take care of children and
also to teach French and German, with best of
references. Address O. L. Smith.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS ACCOUNT-
ANT and expert bookkeeper desires a position;
would invest \$3000 in suitable business. Ad-
dress INTEGRITY, Times office.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSE-
KEEPER in hotel, house or boarding house;
best references. Address MRS. L. C. Times
office.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, SITU-
ATION as second girl or general housework in
small family. Apply at 12th st., Times office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A POSI-
TION as nurse, no objection to children.
Address WIDOW, Times office.

WANTED—SITUATION BY COM-
petent cook, or to do general housework. 71
U.S. Hotel.

Wanted—Live Stock.

WANTED—A FRESH COW; MUST
be No. 1 milker. B. G. M., Times office.

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—\$10,000 AT ONCE ON IM-
MEDIATE credit, at 10% rate of interest, re-
quired. BORROWER, P. O. Box 1194, Los Angeles,
Cal.

WANTED—LOAN OF \$6000 ON REAL
estate well located. Address P. O. Box 1194, Los Angeles city.

WANTED—BY DR. TREAT, AT 33 S.
Main st., sore corns, bunions and ingrowings.

Business Opportunities.

PARTNERSHIP WANTED—A GEN-
tleman of experience, with \$1000 to \$1500 at com-
mand, wishes to join in partnership with a paying
concern, and will put money can be had for
nothing. Address **BON A FIDE**, Room 4, No. 28 N.
Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal.

ANY ONE WANTING TO INVEST IN A
small capital in a good, paying business, or
a small amount to buy a stock or market
man, will please address T. D. Times office.

FOR SALE—STOVE AND TINWARE
business about \$7000 in stock; all new goods
best chance in city in the world. BYRAM & FOIN,
D. N. Main st., cor. 12th st.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS THAT WILL
bear investigation: \$250 a month clear profit
shown, or no sale. ALEXANDER & MCKELVEY
BROS., No. 4 W. First st.

Lost and Found.

Reward for Money Lost—WHILE

at the Episcopal sociable last evening (January
26th), in going to make a call, I lost \$1000
my pocketbook containing \$50, for which I will pay
satisfactory reward. It returned to above address.
M. L. J. MATHEWS.

FOUND—SMALL PURSE CONTAIN-
ING a sum of money, the amount not known.
Reward offered, and payment for this ad can have
it by applying to me, MARY Y. NEWLANDS,
St. Charles Hotel.

\$50 REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR
my solitary diamond brooch, if returned
to McNeilly's drug store, Rose block.

Rooms and Board.

CARMELITA—SEVERAL CHOICE,
sunny rooms may be engaged with board
this evening. Address Mrs. JEANNE CARR.

SUNNY, FURNISHED ROOMS AND
board. 128 Courthouse st., cor. Olive.

Church and Society Notices.

LET THERE WILL BE A "LETTER SO-
cial" at the First Congregational Church
this evening. A pleasant programme will be pre-
sented. All are cordially invited.

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For Sale.

For Sale—City Property.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN CABLE ROAD

front, rear, and side; suitable for a
dumb extension of the Second-st. cable road is
now being built past this tract; price, \$1000 per
acre; will be given to first of these lots
as near the powers of the corner of Washington
and Main; price, from \$250 to \$400; terms,
\$300 down, \$10 per month thereafter; these
lots are in a block of 100 acres; price, \$1000 per
acre; price, \$300 down, \$10 per month thereafter;
these lots are in a block of 100 acres; price, \$1000 per
acre; price, \$300 down, \$10 per month thereafter;

FOR SALE—THREE CHOICE BAR-
RENS, large and small, with bath, \$1000 each.

FOR SALE—MODERN BUILT STORY
and half, corner house, with lawn, trees, and
fence, fronting on highway, water, and sewer, \$1500;
lot 100 acres, \$1500; \$1000 down, \$10 per month
thereafter; \$1000 down, \$10 per month thereafter;

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST OR
in a colony enterprise; well located; not a
great deal of money required; splendid oppor-
tunity for investment; call on JOHN J.
JONES, 104 W. Temple st., Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—10 HOUSES AND LOTS,
pantry and closets, hard finished, College
Place between Main and St. Helena st., \$1000;
lot 100 acres, \$1000; \$1000 down, \$10 per month
thereafter; \$1000 down, \$10 per month thereafter;

FOR SALE—HEPBURN NOTICE

Having purchased all the remaining lots in the
Hepburn Homestead Association, we will continue

to sell the same at \$500 each. SUMMERS & LOVE,
118 N. Main st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN; BEST
poultry yard in Southern California; fine
stock; with good business and fine home. Come
for yourself. Call at 118 George street, for
information.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT; FOUR
rooms, hard finished; painted and grained
(new); with good furniture; \$1000. SUMMERS & LOVE,
118 N. Main st.

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST BUSI-
NESS IN TOWN; in fact, the lowest price
possible. ROCHester & LAYTON

will hold a special meeting Saturday, 29th, at
2:30 p.m. 30th, Spring st.

FOR SALE—CONVENIENT RAIL-
WAY Homestead lot at corner Box 1146, Postoffice.

FOR SALE—Country Property.

FOR SALE—RANCH OF 40 ACRES,
one-half mile from the town of Main, and one mile
north of Norwalk; 30 acres in alfalfa; good land; 30 head No. 1 milch cows; 4 fine brood
heifers; 200 head of cattle; 200 head of sheep; 100
pigs; 100 head of hogs; 100 head of turkeys; 100
chickens; 100 head of geese; 100 head of ducks; 100
head of pigeons; 100 head of rabbits; 100 head of
pigeons; 100 head of rabbits; 100 head of pigeons;

FOR SALE—ATTENTION, SPECULA-
tors! 17 acres, inside of two-mile limit; bar-
gain price, \$1000; 24 acres, \$1200; 30 acres, \$1500;
100 acres at \$1500; \$1000 per acre.

FOR SALE—2 CHOICE EAST FRONT
lots in the Los Angeles tract; \$1000; only \$1000.
See BEN E. WARD, 4 Court st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, FINE
lot on Schieffelin tract, near Chestnut st. Address
BARGAIN, Times office.

FOR SALE—FINE LOT NEAR MAIN ST.,
15x100, \$150; CLEAN

FOR SALE—4 ROOM HOUSE, LOT 50x
120 to 20 ft. at 10th; \$1000. Apply to owner, 122 St.
John st., near depot.

FOR SALE—AT COST—A CERTIFI-
CATE in Electric Railway Association. Call at
Times office.

FOR SALE—FINE LOT ON MAIN ST.,
\$1000; large lot on Grand av., cheap. 28 N.
Main st.

FOR SALE—ONE ELECTRIC RAIL-
WAY Homestead lot at corner Box 1146, Postoffice.

FOR SALE—CITY PROPERTY.

ON THEIR WAY

TO WINTER IN THIS MODERN GARDEN OF EDEN.

Two Raymond & Whitcomb Parties of Pullman Tourists to Arrive Here Within the Next Three Days—The Alphabetic List.

Below will be found the list of the Raymond & Whitcomb party which left Boston on the 20th and will reach this city tomorrow, proceeding at once to the Raymond, where the party will spend the winter. As usual with THE TIMES, the list is presented in the handiest shape for reference, viz, by alphabetical arrangement of the places from which the tourists have:

The party is in charge of Carroll Hutchins, of Boston, assisted by Wm. Wyles, of Chicago. Following is:

Bangor, Me.—Mrs. Sarah L. Wing.
Blonie, Ct.—F. R. Burnham.
Boston, Mass.—Henry C. Curtis, H. E. Green, Mrs. Sarah B. Hacker, Miss S. H. Hacken, John R. Hazelton, Francis Hayward and wife, Miss Julia M. Pickard, Edwin G. Smith.
Brookfield, Mass.—Miss Abby F. Blanchard, C. P. Blanchard and wife.
Brooklyn, N. Y.—R. B. Price.
Buffalo, N. Y.—Mrs. E. B. Eggett, Miss S. E. Eggett.
Detroit, Mich.—J. P. Buckley, Mrs. Mary Buckley, Miss C. D. Williams, Miss Eliza Williamson.
East Brookfield, Mass.—Dr. D. W. Hodgkins.
Haverhill, Mass.—Decatur R. Bennett, Miss Frances S. Bennett, Edwin Gage and wife.
Ludington, Mich.—Thos. R. Lyon and wife.
Maynard, Mass.—Miss Anna F. Keller, Middlefield, Mass.—Miss Sophie A. Smith, Newburyport, Mass.—Mrs. Robert Bayley, Miss Alice P. Bayley.
Newton, Mass.—Miss C. Louise Coffin, E. W. Converse, Miss C. Louise Farquhar and wife, Mrs. M. J. Hart, J. C. Potter and wife, Miss Kate Potter.
North Cambridge, Mass.—L. P. Soule and wife.
North Orange, Mass.—Miss M. L. C. Blodgett, Mrs. A. F. Goddard.
North Weymouth, Mass.—J. W. Bartlett and wife.
Pittsfield, Mass.—A. Burbank, Joseph Foote and wife, Mrs. H. M. Hart.
Portsmouth, N. H.—Mrs. Belle M. Tracy, Miss Persis M. Tracy.
Troy, N. Y.—Geo. D. W. Dade, wife, infant and wife.
Uxbridge, Mass.—Edmund O. Bacon.
Walpole, N. H.—Dr. A. P. Richardson and wife.
West Newton, Mass.—W. M. Bush and wife.
Wheeling, W. Va.—W. E. Hughes and wife.
Wilmington, Mass.—Miss Sabra Carter.
Worcester, Mass.—Miss Mary S. Goulding, W. H. Goulding.

A NOTABLE WEDDING.

Union of Two Very Wealthy Los Angeles Families.

A wedding which may be said to possess more usual local and social importance took place in this city yesterday morning. By this marriage two immense estates were united, the large possessions of G. J. Griffith and a vast amount of Los Angeles property, owned by the charming bride, Miss Mary Agnes Christina Messmer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Messmer, familiarly known among her most intimate society friends as "Tina." Besides the Los Angeles ranch, Mr. Griffith is the fortunate possessor of a number of rich gold, silver and lead mines. The bride's parents are also exceedingly wealthy, while the bride's Los Angeles property, which she owns in her right, will certainly not be worth less than \$1,000,000 when cut up into building lots.

The bride has been educated in a superior manner, and befits the owner of so vast an estate. Her singing and playing are exceptionally fine, and her taste for flowers is remarkable (as is well illustrated in her mother's garden). She can speak four languages, while the bridegroom can converse in three, including Welsh.

The wedding tour will be far more extensive than anything of a similar character ever contemplated before by any bridal party from this place. It will include San Francisco, Monterey, Santa Cruz, Yosemite Valley, Geysers, Sacramento, Salt Lake, Petaluma, the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Buffalo, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Great Britain, France, Italy, Bavaria, Australia, Germany, Switzerland, Belgium, England, Wales, etc., etc.

The happy pair departed yesterday on their tour in a specially-reserved section of a Pullman car. A large number of friends were present to wish them every happiness.

It is asserted as an assured fact that during the bridal tour, the 1193-acre ostrich farm of Mr. Griffith will continue to be the leading attraction of the kind in the United States.

The TIMES refrains from giving further details of this important social event, in deference to Mr. Griffith's desire that the happy event should be conducted as quietly as possible.

EPICOPACY IN EAST LOS ANGELES.

If anybody has any lots on or near Downey avenue, or Hoff street, East Los Angeles that they want to sell or give away to the Church of the Epiphany now is the time to speak out. The Board of Management meets to decide the matter on Monday, February 1st, at 7:30 p.m. Plots of ground with prices may be sent to the pastor, Rev. Henry Scott Jefferys, 317 Downey avenue; to the secretary, Rev. Mr. Conwell at Brown's architectural studio, opposite the postoffice, to any member of the Church Corporation. The other members of this body are William Lacy, George W. Johnston, William Horne, Isaac Wickersham, N. F. Embody and J. G. Bowe.

INCORPORATED.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday by the Vosburg Water Company. The object is to buy and sell land and water and water rights. The principal office will be at San Gabriel. The directors are J. S. Vosburg, James O. Vosburg, J. S. Slauson, Charles P. Murray and N. R. Vail. Capital stock, \$80,000; all subscribed.

PASSED AWAY.

Mrs. Johanna Harnett, who died yesterday, at the age of 67 years, was the mother of Rev. Father Harnett, of the Cathedral, and of the following married daughters: Mrs. A. S. McDonald, Mrs. R. J. Collins, Mrs. Keenan, Mrs. Mead, Mrs. Hannan, and Mrs. Slaney. She had lived here many years and was well known.

EXCURSIONS.

CALIFORNIA SOUTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

HALF-RATES TO SAN DIEGO & RETURN.

Holders of Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe excursion tickets can get round-trip tickets TO SAN DIEGO AND RETURN

FOR ONE FARE, \$8.30.

With stop-over privileges, both going and coming.

H. B. WILKINS, Gen. Pass. Agt.

C. T. PARSONS, Ticket Agt.

C. SEYLER, Ticket Agt.

CHARLES E. RAYMOND and wife.

Brockton, Mass.—Benjamin O. Caldwell and wife, E. W. Gardner, Miss H. E. Gardner, C. W. Kingman, A. C. Thompson and wife.

Cambridge, Mass.—Charles E. Raymond and wife.

OFFICES, 230 N. MAIN ST., or Union Depot, Jan. 25, 1887.

Charlton City, Mass.—George C. Prouty and wife.

Gloucester, O.—Mrs. M. R. Bayley, Miss Mary Dawson.

Cleveland, O.—N. P. Bowler and wife, Miss Cora C. Bowler.

Dorchester, Mass.—James Smith and wife, Miss Velma S. Smith.

Dover, N. H.—D. M. Hill.

Forestville, Ct.—J. Hart Welch and wife.

Gardiner, Me.—J. T. Richards and wife, Holbrook, Mass.—Miss M. W. Hobrook, Royal Thayer, Wm. D. Thayer.

Holyoke, Mass.—Miss Kittie L. Chase, B. Johnson and wife, W. S. Loomis and wife.

Keene, N. H.—C. E. Joslin and wife, Master E. H. Joslin.

La Crosse, Wis.—Miss Harriette M. Fox, Mrs. W. D. Fox.

Lebanon, N. H.—L. C. Patter and wife, Miss Fannie L. Patter.

Lowell, Mass.—David Whitaker.

Manchester, N. H.—Mrs. M. D. Plummer, Marblehead, Mass.—E. B. Bridge, R. C. Bridge.

Medford, Mass.—W. H. Kimball, Joseph C. Manning.

New Bedford, Mass.—Miss C. O. Seabury.

Newburyport, Mass.—Mrs. A. M. Pike.

New Haven, Ct.—Jeremiah Wolcott and wife.

Newton, Mass.—Miss C. Louise Coffin, E. W. Converse, Miss C. Louise Farquhar and wife, Mrs. M. J. Hart, J. C. Potter and wife, Miss Kate Potter.

North Cambridge, Mass.—L. P. Soule and wife.

North Orange, Mass.—Miss M. L. C. Blodgett, Mrs. A. F. Goddard.

North Weymouth, Mass.—J. W. Bartlett and wife.

Pittsfield, Mass.—A. Burbank, Joseph Foote and wife, Mrs. H. M. Hart.

Portsmouth, N. H.—Mrs. Belle M. Tracy, Miss Persis M. Tracy.

Troy, N. Y.—Geo. D. W. Dade, wife, infant and wife.

Uxbridge, Mass.—Edmund O. Bacon.

Walpole, N. H.—Dr. A. P. Richardson and wife.

West Newton, Mass.—W. M. Bush and wife.

Wheeling, W. Va.—W. E. Hughes and wife.

Wilmington, Mass.—Miss Sabra Carter.

Worcester, Mass.—Miss Mary S. Goulding, W. H. Goulding.

MORE RAYMONDS.

Another Big Party on an Elegant Special Train.

The following passengers left Boston January 17th under the charge of Raymond & Whitcomb's agents, and took the southern itinerary, with stops at Cincinnati, New Orleans and San Antonio. They will arrive here February 1st, about 2 p.m. L. L. Holden is in charge, with Coolidge Barnard as assistant and H. H. Fullam in charge of baggage.

THE TRAIN.

THE TIMES has already noted the fact that the Pullmans have built a magnificent special train for Raymond & Whitcomb. The Boston Sunday Record of January 16th says:

"A train of six new Pullman palace cars and dining-car stood at the Fitchburg station yesterday, as fresh and new as could be, waiting for the party of 130 excursionists, who on Monday at 2 o'clock will leave Boston for a six weeks' tour to California and return. Four of the cars were named 'Raymond' and 'Whitcomb' and 'Hartford' and 'Pasadena.' Those who know how extensive is the business of Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb, and how urbane is their chief assistant, Mr. Luther Holden, and how pleasant is their hotel at Pasadena, Cal., will have no doubt as to what the name means. These cars have just been turned out of the Pullman Company's shops and are built especially for the use of the Raymond & Whitcomb party, which during the winter and spring months are constantly flitting between New England and the farthest points of the City of Mexico, San Francisco and the region of the Puget Sound. A step inside, under the escort of Mr. I. A. Whitcomb, of the company, who will be in charge of the party, will show that the cars are supplied with every possible modern convenience known to railway traveling, and are models of comfort and luxury for those who are soon to enjoy their accommodations.

"A large number of gentlemen, connected with the railroad and with the press of Boston, looked on and with the press of Boston, who invited its members to a dinner. The dinner was purely informal and was presided over by Mr. Raymond, whose quiet ways but poorly concealed the energy and dash which distinguish him, and by Mr. Whitcomb, who is known throughout New England by those who have traveled in safety and pleasure under his management. The menu and the table furnishings were all equal to that of any Boston hotel.

"The admission of this train of cars is only another evidence of the great increase in business which Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb are doing, and of the character and strength of the patronage which they have built up. They will send half a dozen parties to California this winter and spring, two parties to the City of Mexico and innumerable excursions to Washington, Niagara, Saratoga, the mountains, all the points of interest in Canada and the New England States. It is one striking feature of their success that their support comes in large measure year after year from the same people, who, having been once, consider then that a year is hardly complete without at least one trip under their charge, and they have a considerable number of people who make it a point now every winter to go to California. Henceforth they will do so on special trains, to be built in California, at their own hotel, and throughout the trip feel that Raymond & Whitcomb is a name to be conjured by. The party leaving tomorrow will be under the charge of Mr. Luther Holden, with a staff of assistants, and judging by the display at the Fitchburg station yesterday, will lack nothing of that which goes to make up a pleasant and desirable trip."

THE PARTY.

Following are the passengers:

Arlington, Mass.—C. H. Cutler.

Athol, Mass.—Mrs. George N. Kendall.

Belmont, Mass.—W. L. Lockhart and wife, Miss Eva Lockhart, W. J. Underwood and wife.

Boston, Mass.—George Cook and wife, B. F. Dewing and wife, Miss Carrie E. Eman, Miss M. Frothingham, W. B. Frothingham and wife, E. J. Hammond and wife, Mrs. Luther L. Holden, A. P. Parker and wife, Charles Sprague, Charles J. Sprague, Miss Carrie L. Upton, Mrs. Mercy T. Upton, I. F. Woodbury.

Brighton, Mass.—S. N. Davenport and wife, E. H. Learned, wife and son, Miss L. T. Tobey.

Broad Brook, Ct.—James S. Barber and wife.

Brockton, Mass.—Benjamin O. Caldwell and wife, E. W. Gardner, Miss H. E. Gardner, C. W. Kingman, A. C. Thompson and wife.

Cambridge, Mass.—Charles E. Raymond and wife.

Charlton, Mass.—C. H. Cutler.

Clinton, Mass.—Mrs. George N. Kendall.

Concord, Mass.—W. L. Lockhart and wife, Miss Eva Lockhart, W. J. Underwood and wife.

Danvers, Mass.—Mrs. George Cook and wife, B. F. Dewing and wife, Miss Carrie E. Eman, Miss M. Frothingham, W. B. Frothingham and wife, E. J. Hammond and wife, Mrs. Luther L. Holden, A. P. Parker and wife, Charles Sprague, Charles J. Sprague, Miss Carrie L. Upton, Mrs. Mercy T. Upton, I. F. Woodbury.

Danversport, Mass.—Dr. W. N. Davis.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE LOS ANGELES TIMES, published every day, except Monday, is delivered by carriage, \$2.50 per month; by mail, \$2.50 a year; by mail, post-paid, \$4.00 for 6 months, or \$20 for 2 months in advance.

CORRESPONDENCE solicited from all quarters. Timely local topics and news given the preference. Letters from our foreign correspondents should be plain, and send real name for the private information of the Editor.

SUBSCRIBERS, when writing to have the address of their paper changed, should also state the former address.

ADVERTISEMENTS. "Wanted," "For Sale," etc., a cent per A. & C. line daily or \$1.00 per line per month, payable at the counter. *Per square* (6 x 6 inches), *inside paper*, \$1.50 per line, \$2.00 for 2 months in advance.

READING NOTICES. Nonpareil, per line, each insertion, 15 cents. Professional, each line, 25 cents. Marriages and deaths, free. Funeral notices, \$1.

MIRROR ADVERTISING RATES.—Transients, per square (6 x 6 inches), per week, \$1.00. Regulars, per square per month, 25 cents. Reading notices, in Nonpareil, each insertion, per line, 15 cents.

Address (Telephone No. 29) THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY, Temple and New High Sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

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Entered at Postoffice as 2d-class Matter.

The Times.

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS,
President and General Manager.
ALBERT M. GARNER,
Vice-Prest., Times, and Business Manager.
W. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

PRICE OF THE ANNUALS.

The price of our Annual Trade Number of THE TIMES, containing twenty-six pages—more than a triple sheet—10 cents per single copy; 6 copies, 50 cents; 12 copies, \$1; 50 copies, \$3; 100 copies, \$5. The price of the WEEKLY MIRROR, also issued January 1st, is the same. These papers are filled with valuable matter, good all the year through.

The postage on the daily or weekly trade copies is two cents.

An aggrieved correspondent makes another grab for Postmaster-General Vilas's scalp.

THE report that a man has been frozen to death in the Northern Citrus Belt is pronounced a canard.

SENATOR STANFORD thinks that Carpenter would make a good member of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

THE Yaqui war has been ended by the capture of Cajeme, who is said, however, to have had his own terms.

THE amount of railroad building now in progress in Southern California affords a daily budget of interesting news.

THE San Francisco Alta quotes the well-known old Scotch proverb this way: "Many a little makes a mickle." What then does Granny expect to do with the "muckle"?

THE two great rival lines are working hard to scoop each other on the orange trade of Southern California. Instead of venerable box-cars, the best Tiffany cars are now proffered our shippers.

There were six real-estate sales, of \$10,000 or over each, recorded yesterday. The aggregate of the six was \$87,000, and the day was a heavy one besides. It doesn't look as though the bottom was dropping out to any alarming extent.

"IDAHO," says the San Francisco Examiner, "boasts of having as a resident the brother-in-law of the late Czar, who escaped from Siberia. The gentleman is accredited with having recently visited San Francisco and gone on a racket with the boys."

THE Tucson Daily Citizen entered upon its twentieth volume and the Weekly Citizen upon its seventeenth volume on the 17th of this month. The weekly made its debut October 15th, 1870. The paper has had a good many streaks of hard luck, but has held its own as the leading paper of the Territory.

THE Tribune has failed within the last few days to get most of the important telegraphic news. It didn't hear about the Inter-State Commerce Bill, the \$150,000 appropriation for the Los Angeles postoffice, the cholera epidemic in South America, the defeat of women suffrage in Congress, nor much of anything else.

THERE is mourning among the landlords of Florida. The winter crop of tourists has failed, and the hotels of the interior are almost empty. This lamentable state of affairs is attributed to the diversion of winter travel to California. A reduction of fares on the railroads is suggested as one means of meeting the emergency.

"WHY," asks the San Francisco Bulletin, apparently more in sorrow than in anger—"why is San Francisco treated as if it were a mere military post on the borders of the country, rather than a great city which has outgrown all the Federal provision made in pioneer days?" The reason of this dolefulness is that Los Angeles has secured an appropriation of \$150,000 for a government building, while San Francisco's long-sought *douceur* of \$300,000 for a like purpose is likely to go by the board. 'Twas not ever thus.

Hard to Kick Against the Pricks.

The Herald of yesterday comes back to the discussion of Lynch's contest for a seat in Congress, but, with rare good taste, it avoids any mention of the gerrymandering charge. Of course it does not wish to incite Mr. Lynch any further than it has unwittingly done already, and, in this light, its silence is golden.

As to the irregular affidavits, it says: The Democratic deputies were appointed by Mr. Bilderman, the Assessor, as the law authorizes. After they had gathered a large number of names *supposed by proper affidavits*, the lynx-eyed Republicans may begin to wonder whether these affidavits are qualified in the qualifications of these deputies, and require them to qualify before the County Clerk, *they having already qualified before the County Assessor*. On this flimsy pretext, and at the last hour, the legality of their work was discredited and declared void.

We feel confident that our contemporary has been led by the ardor of self-interest into making a couple of assertions which it cannot substantiate. The questionable points we have taken the liberty of italicizing in the above extract.

First. The Superior Court (Judge Brunson), in passing upon the application for mandamus in this case, decided that these were not proper affidavits. To quote the exact language of the decision:

The act of administering an oath, without the legal authority to do so, leaves the matter as though no oath had been administered. *The purported affidavits is, in law, no affidavit.*

In view of this decision, the Herald displays some hardihood in asserting that the lists were supported by proper affidavits.

Secondly. The so-called Democratic deputies had not already qualified before the County Assessor, because the law makes no provision for such qualification. Section 61 of the County Government Bill, which was quoted by THE TIMES the other day, says:

Such appointment must be made in writing, and *filed in the office of the County Clerk*; and until such appointment is so made and filed, and until such deputy shall have taken the oath of office, no one shall be or act as such deputy.

As the deputies in question had not filed their appointments in the office of the County Clerk before commencing their canvass, they had not properly qualified, and the law specially inhibits them from officiating under such circumstances. The court so decided.

The Herald makes the further charge that, "on this flimsy pretext, and at the last hour, the legality of their work was discredited and declared void." It has remained for the fair-minded Herald to declare a plain provision of the law "a flimsy pretext." That the lists were rejected at the last hour was due entirely to the fact that they were offered at the last hour. Had they been presented sooner, they would have been rejected sooner. In the very nature of chronology, they could not be rejected, until they had been offered.

In the decision above referred to the Court held that "Under such a state of facts the law says the Clerk must not enter the name on the Great Register." If County Clerk Dunsmoor had entered the names thus irregularly offered him at the last hour, he would have been guilty of plain dereliction of duty; in other words, he would have violated his oath of office.

Seriously, would it not be wise for the Herald to drop this appeal to a case already decided on the clearest of the law and find some other hook to hang its contest upon?

Public Parks.

We have already said much on the subject of city parks for Los Angeles; nevertheless it is a matter of such vital importance to the people at large that it should not be lost sight of for a moment.

As a result of our importance, the City Council, some months ago, dedicated some waste land in the northern part of the pueblo, known as Quarry Hill, to such use, and named it Elysian Park. This was a good move, so far as it went, and in the right direction, but it fell far short of the public requirements. The land was throughout the Union as a pioneer, who cut a big figure in the early days but who, unlike the great majority of pioneers, has neither "gone dead" nor lost his grip. He is one of the foremost merchants of the State, and a man who has achieved prominence in numerous walks of life, but not in politics. What could have suggested him to the New York Sun for a Presidential candidate is hard to divine. It is probable that the Coleman boom, like the late lamented G. Washington Child's boom, to secure such an end the irrigation question should be fully and freely discussed on every stump and at every political meeting."

capable of being made the most charming of any on earth ought not to be without them.

An Inspector of Buildings Required.

Not long ago THE TIMES called attention to the necessity of a system regulating the erection of buildings in Los Angeles, and suggested that it would be wise to require the issuance of an official permit in each case. In this way, and in this way only, can full data of the erection of buildings be secured. The system would also prove a safeguard against proposed infringements of the fire ordinance, and in other ways might conduce to the safety and welfare of the public. Such permits are required in nearly all well-regulated cities.

The details of this system are generally delegated to an officer called an Inspector of Buildings. It is his duty to pass upon applications for building permits and issue the same when it is proper to do so, keeping a record of all permits granted. It is also his duty to inspect buildings already standing and those in process of erection, to see that no "man-traps" are allowed. Should a house improperly built, partially destroyed by fire, or in course of dissolution from the tooth of time, be dangerous to its occupants or to passers-by, he can condemn it and have it reconstructed, strengthened or torn down. He also required to inspect churches, halls, theaters and other places of assemblage, and see that they are provided with ample exits, and with proper safeguards against fire.

An officer with such powers and duties could accomplish a world of good in Los Angeles now, and might set his seal of security on many edifices yet to be built in this hurrying, bustling, booming metropolis. A general fault with people who want to build in a hurry is that they do not pay enough attention to stability and security. There should be an inspector to oblige them to do it. It is possible, also, that some of the public halls in Los Angeles might prove to be yawning caverns for human victims, and only awaiting a fire to provide a holocaust.

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filed their appointments in the office of the County Clerk before commencing their canvass, they had not properly qualified, and the law specially inhibits them from officiating under such circumstances. The court so decided.

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Public Parks.

We have always urged the point that any legislation founded upon incomplete data would only make conditions worse, considerably worse.

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The Coleman Boom.

The Presidential boom which the New York Sun started for Wm. T. Coleman, of California, a few days ago, was a big rock of surprise plumped into the middle of the pond of possibility. Wm. T. Coleman is known in this State as he is throughout the Union as a pioneer, who cut a big figure in the early days but who, unlike the great majority of

pioneers, has neither "gone dead" nor lost his grip. He is one of the foremost merchants of the State, and a man who has achieved prominence in numerous walks of life, but not in politics. What could have suggested him to the New York Sun for a Presidential candidate is hard to divine. It is true that the Council, at the time of declaring it a park, voted \$200 toward planting eucalyptus trees in it, but it is doubtful about much benefit coming from that paity appropriation. There seems to be no body whose special business it is to look after these things, and as a consequence they are neglected. Public parks are not valued in Los Angeles as they are in all other enlightened countries.

At the present rate of growth, this will soon be one of the large cities of the land, second only to San Francisco on the Pacific coast, and not a bad second at that, except in the matter of parks.

There ought to have been, within our pueblo limits, thousands of acres devoted to the use of the public, but, by some neglect, little short of criminal, this vast patrimony of the people, leagues in extent, has been wasted, given away, in fact, and this flourishing city is now almost destitute of public parks.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature, now in session at Sacramento, looking toward the establishment and the improvement of city parks. Should it pass, which all good citizens should pray for, time ought to be lost in correcting, so far as it can be done, the oversight of our early city authorities in this regard. Beautiful parks are the most attractive feature of all modern cities, and a city which is

capable of being made the most charming of any on earth ought not to be without them.

The Atlanta Daily Capitol.

which has championed the Prohibition policy, declares that prohibition is a dead failure in Atlanta. The law has fallen, it appears, into the hands of an unfriendly city council, with whose connivance numerous wine rooms have been opened. The Capitol says that saloons are getting more numerous than ever. If the facts are as alleged, they furnish a fresh illustration of the truth that restrictive or prohibitory liquor legislation rests back upon local authority and sentiment for its enforcement.

AN exchange reports a remarkable boycott at Galveston. A female com-

poser of that city, a member of the Printers' Union, married a non-union com-

poser and then tried to get him to join the order. He refused, and the Union voted a boycott, in which the wife participated, having left her husband and began proceedings for a divorce.

The Ventura Free Press of the 18th says: "Gardens are at work today on Capt. Blackburn's place 6 miles from town. The Captain informs us that nearly 1000 men are at work there, extending entirely across his ranch."

A writer has just published a book enti-

tled "The Habits of the Hog." We com-

monly hear of the common habit of occupying two seats in a railroad car.—[New Haven News.]

A correspondent would like to know what the United States Navy names its ships after, such as the Dolphin. We suppose it is because they go to the bottom so easily.—[Puck.]

Mrs. Dusemerry—Now just look at those

shameful things! If anything will shrink more from washing I'd like to know what it is.

Mrs. Dusemerry—A boy will, my dear.—

[Philadelphia Call.]

The Post speaks of "that portion of the

male public which cannot shave itself."

Is there—perish the thought!—some portion of the female public which shaves itself, or is there?—[New York World.]

A Frenchman is going to sell a

number of deformed children. They will

probably be bought up by some firm who

desires some figure to model.—[Fashionable

corsets on.—[New Haven News.]

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The English Parliament Formally Opened.

Full Text of the Queen's Speech to the Lords and Commons.

A Hint that More Coercion is Needed for Ireland.

How the Address was Received—Gladstone Intimates that the Tory Government Cannot Stand—The Liberals Generally Jubilant Over the Outlook.

By Telegraph to The Times.
LONDON, Jan. 27.—[By Cable.] Parliament was opened today. The forecast which was telegraphed last night covers the main features of the Queen's speech. The document is entirely devoted to Irish and other domestic affairs, except the opening sentence.

FULL TEXT OF THE SPEECH.

The following is the full text of the Queen's speech:

My Lords and Gentlemen: My relations with all foreign powers are friendly. Affairs in Southeastern Europe are still unsettled, but I do not apprehend that any disturbance of European peace will result from the unadjusted controversies which have arisen in that region. While deplored the events which followed the assassination of the Marquis of Salisbury, I have no doubt that the Marquis of Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs—Lord Granville said that this was bad for the country, for the sovereign and for the Cabinet besides himself.

Lord Randolph Churchill's speech was excellent, a decided improvement, an utter absence of temper and careful avoidance of everything that might wound the feelings of his late colleagues. His obvious reticence deprived his explanation of its expected interest. The general opinion is that he altogether failed to justify his decision of the Cabinet at a critical time. After all, he did not regard the matter as having taken the step, the whole tenor of his speech left the impression that he did regret his action and that he was ready to cooperate toward his return to the ministry.

The Tories complain that Lord Randolph Churchill's speech produced an impression which he probably intended to produce, that the government's foreign policy was responsible for the disaster.

Lord Salisbury ought to reassure the country as soon as possible. The Liberals are delighted at the outlook.

At a meeting of Scotch members of Parliament it was decided to take action in favor of home rule in Scotland.

with criminal law in Ireland, although they tried to make it sound better by using the term "protection." It was gratifying, he continued, to hear of the reform which was in Ireland, but in regard to the allusion to the evicting of tenants against landlords, he greatly lamented the fact that the Queen had not expressed regret at the recent lamentable evictions in Kerry. The poor people thus treated were unable to pay their rents, and the attempts made at the time of the evictions to collect such cases had been frustrated by the government, although Sir Michael Hicks-Beach had been "exercising pressure" upon the landlords with a view of modifying the proceedings in cases of necessity. Despite all this evictions have continued, and nobody can tell how many more are in store. In conclusion, Mr. Gladstone said he hoped the sanguine expectations of the royal speeches would be fulfilled.

IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

In the House of Lords Granville said that the speech from the throne disclosed the fact that the government again intended to introduce a coercion bill. The government could not be acquitted of the responsibility for carrying on the plan of campaign for Ireland, according to what he knew. He knew it illegal. Referring to the fact that the Marquis of Salisbury held two Cabinet offices—that of Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs—Lord Granville said that this was bad for the country, for the sovereign and for the Cabinet besides himself.

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At a meeting of Scotch members of Parliament it was decided to take action in favor of home rule in Scotland.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 27.—The official count of the vote in yesterday's Parliamentary election in the Exchange Division of Liverpool shows that Gladstone, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was defeated by just seven votes.

NO REPORTERS NEED APPLY.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—A sensation is caused by Gen. Boulanger's sudden refusal to grant audiences to any foreign journalists.

THE DOMINION.

Another Growth Over the Retaliation Bill.

TORONTO, Jan. 27.—[By the Associated Press.] The Mail today says: "It is unfortunate for Canadian interests that the general elections should be in progress when our American neighbors are legislating against us. It is true that the bellicose speeches delivered in the United States Senate the other day need not be taken seriously. Nevertheless, it is abundantly evident from the better class of American journals that our neighbors are determined to adopt a spirited foreign policy—in plain English, to steal our fish, and punish us if we attempt to prevent them. We suffer from American prejudice against England, and from England's unwillingness and inability to make up its own mind, and between the two it will be a miracle if we are not torn. The Foreign Office will make a show of protecting our rights, but the capital consideration with Lord Salisbury will not be the justice of our own case so much as the necessity for maintaining cordial relations with the United States. The power to suspend intercourse, which is to be vested in the President, will be used to prevent our ships from entering American ports, and to stop our railroad cars and locomotives at the international line, and is merely what Americans themselves would call a bluff. By bluffing, our neighbors have in the past, managed to cheat us out of whole seaboards and territories. Come what may, this is the time that the Canadian and Imperial authorities will press for something approaching a permanent solution of the question, so that we may know exactly where we stand."

CABINET CHANGES.
Sir Charles Tupper enters the Dominion Cabinet as Minister of Finance. M. Lellan becomes Postmaster-General. Sir Alexander Campbell retires from the ministry. The changes were decided upon at the meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon.

WETMORE'S RESIGNATION.

The Commissioner's Critics and Their Methods Denounced.
NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—[By the Associated Press.] In a letter to the Tribune, B. F. Clayton, secretary of the National Viticultural Association, says that the recent dispatch to the Sunday Tribune concerning the resignation of C. A. Wetmore from the California Viticultural Commission does that gentleman injustice, and declares that his place cannot be filled, as those who have by their misrepresentations and abuse driven him in sheer disgust into resigning will find out to their cost and deep regret. Clayton declares that the bills introduced in Congress last winter are only opposed by those engaged in one way or another in the interests of the wine and spirituous trades. He adds: "We represent the brains and decency of the California wine interests, and his withdrawal from the commission is nothing short of a calamity. Those who are snarling at his heels are either wine stretchers, or fabricators, or possibly a set of tight-listed, hide-bound farmers, who know no better than to blame him because they cannot get \$100 per ton for their grapes and \$1 a gallon for their wines."

The Late Peder Sather's Will.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—Peder Sather was filed for probate in Alameda county today. It bequeaths, first, to Anthony J. Drexel, of Philadelphia, and Benjamin Huxtane, of New York, 100 United States bonds, of the value of \$1000 each, in trust for a daughter of the deceased, Mary Emma Sather, during her life. The remainder of the estate is bequeathed to Edwin B. Mastick, of Alameda, and James S. Hutchinson of San Francisco, as joint trustees. The property is to be divided as nearly as possible between the deceased's two children, Josephine B. Sather, E. in certain portions. To his widow he bequeaths \$100,000, also a family allowance of \$300 a year. The estate is valued at \$1,000,000.

Two Prisoners Escape.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 27.—A very clever escape was effected from the County Jail last night. Two prisoners, Carr and Walker, in for burglary, managed to climb up on one of the tanks and cut their way through the timbers into the Assessor's office, above, when they were free.

Cajeme Taken Prisoner.

NOGALES (Ariz.), Jan. 27.—The Mexican gunboat Demarit arrived at Guaymas early with Cajeme, the Yaqui chief, a prisoner. This ends the war between the Yaquis and Mexicans, which has existed for two years. It is believed Cajeme named his own terms.

NEW YORK NOTES.

The Strike Assuming Gigantic Proportions.

Forty Thousand Men Abandon Work on the River Front.

The Commerce of the Metropolis Temporarily Paralyzed.

More Trouble in Dr. McGlynn's Church—The Deposed Divine's Parishioners Assail their New Priest—Inspector Byrnes Solves the Baltimore Trunk Tragedy.

By Telegraph to The Times.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—[By the Associated Press.] Twenty thousand men are now on a strike among the coal-shovelers, longshoremen, freight-handlers and men employed on the river front in almost every capacity, and the number is augmented to close to 40,000 by strikers on the Brooklyn and Jersey shores. In consequence it is almost impossible for any of the steamers for Europe or coastwise to leave port. The order went forth yesterday from the headquarters of the Longshoremen's Union which was backed by the Knights of Labor Assembly No. 49, and this morning the men turned out.

STEAMERS UNABLE TO LEAVE PORT.

At the Cunard dock the Gallia could not be discharged because a majority of the men turned out. The ferryboats are seriously inconvenienced on account of the lack of coal, while the Star steamship Britannia was compelled to postpone her departure for Liverpool, owing to the want of supplies to obtain a supply of coal.

The strike along the river front of Brooklyn went into effect this morning. All the men went out quietly, peacefully and determinedly. Freight has accumulated on the docks ready for shipment, while several vessels are waiting to discharge cargoes. The authorities have the entire police force in hand so as to be ready to meet any outbreak.

THE STRIKERS PARADE.

The striking longshoremen and coal-shovelers had a parade tonight, previous to the mass meeting at Cooper Union. They marched through Broadway to Eighth Avenue, and then to Cooper Union. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the outrages of Pinkerton's detectives and the meeting adjourned.

ALMOST A RIOT.

More Trouble in Dr. McGlynn's Church in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—[By the Associated Press.] An exciting scene occurred at St. Stephen's Church tonight that might have culminated in a big row had it not been for the arrival of the police. The basement of the church was locked all day, but the body of the church was left open. A large crowd assembled this evening and at about 9:30 about 200 women succeeded in forcing their way into the basement, where they surrounded Dr. McGlynn's confessional. Dr. Donnelly went downstairs and asked them to leave. He was driven out. He then called in the police, who finally succeeded in clearing the place. The women hissed Dr. Donnelly and made fun of the officers.

The Baltimore Trunk Tragedy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Inspector Byrnes has in custody, a man who is supposed to have murdered the man found in the Baltimore trunk. The supposed murderer's name is Edward Unger, of 22 Ridge street, this city. He is 52 years old. The walls of his room are covered with blood. The victim's name is believed to be Baltz. The motive of the murder was robbery.

Death of a Noted Lady.

SANTA CRUZ, Jan. 27.—Mrs. Georgiana Bruce Kirby, wife of R. C. Kirby, a prominent leather manufacturer, died at her home in this city this morning. She was in early life a member of the celebrated Brook farm community, in Massachusetts, and subsequently connected with the early anti-slavery movements. She was the author of the "Brook Farm Papers," "Years of Experience," and a work on heredity. She also contributed to magazines and newspapers. She had resided here for over 30 years.

Ostriches for California.

GALVESTON, Jan. 27.—A cargo of ostriches from Natal has arrived at Galveston. The birds were imported for the purpose of stocking an ostrich farm near Los Angeles.

PERSONAL NEWS.

J. J. Valentine left yesterday for the East. W. H. Perry went up to San Francisco yesterday.

Hor. J. de Barth Shorb was in the city yesterday.

J. H. Haslett, of San Diego, was at the St. Elmo yesterday.

B. Bobb, of Riverside, was a guest of the St. Elmo yesterday.

J. B. Banning, of San Pedro, was at the St. Elmo yesterday.

Prophet Potts has been sick in bed nearly two weeks with pneumonia.

H. J. Vail, editor of the Pasadena Star, is taking a needed rest at Elsinore.

J. M. Tierman, of the bonded warehouse at San Gabriel, was in town yesterday.

Among the passengers on the north-bound train yesterday were Fred Byrne and Col. Mandell.

J. D. Lynch, of the Herald, went to San Francisco yesterday, to prepare for his European trip.

Samuel Dearing, a banker and leading merchant of St. Paul, Minn., is sojourning at the St. Elmo.

Robert Vernon, business manager of the Morrison Dramatic Company, is confined to his bed at the Nataean.

M. M. Towne, a brother of A. N. Towne, of the Southern Pacific, was a passenger on the north-bound train yesterday.

W. H. Day, of Day Bros., who have been for 33 years leading lumbermen of Minneapolis, is passing the winter here.

Capt. J. C. Hall, the jovial agent of the San Pacific Coast Steamship Company, is in the city. He returns home on Sunday.

Henry Howarth, of Tecumseh, Neb., arrived here on the 20th inst. Mr. Howarth is a veteran of the war and a Grand Army man.

Col. Harrison Gray Otis, editor-in-chief of THE TIMES, returned by steamer yesterday from a three weeks' absence in San Francisco and Sacramento.

J. L. Vignes and Robert E. McGregor leave today for the San Marguerita area in San Diego county to spend a few days on a hunting and recreation trip.

Maj. George E. Gard, senior vice-commander of the San Francisco on business connected with the holding of the grand encampment here, in February.

A young man of the Fifth Army Corps, was well versed both in logic and logic; He Shakespeare could recite.

From morning till night.

And quite often received an encomium.

—LIFE.

Two Prisoners Escape.

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THE WEATHER.

LOCAL BULLETIN.
LOS ANGELES SIGNAL OFFICE, Jan. 27.—At 4:45 a.m. to 7:45 a.m., the thermometer registered 48°; at 10:45 a.m., 50°, and at 7:45 p.m., 54°. Barometer 29.48; for corresponding periods, 30.00, 30.05, 30.07. Maximum temperature, 62°; minimum, 45°. Weather at 7:45 p.m., clear.

SIGNAL SERVICE SYNOPSIS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—Signal Service synopsis for the past 24 hours: Barometer is lowest in Eastern Washington Territory and highest off the coast of Northern California. Rain has fallen in Oregon and Washington Territory, and northwesterly winds in Northern California. Scattered showers are also reported on San Francisco and in San Mateo and Santa Clara counties. Following are amounts: Portland, 22; Roseburg, 29; Eureka, 18; Redwood, 12; San Francisco, 0.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—The weather report for the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., January 26th: Barometer lowest in Eastern Washington Territory and highest near San Francisco. Scattered winds have prevailed in Oregon and Washington Territory, and northwesterly winds in Northern California. The temperature has risen slightly in Sacramento Valley and fallen slightly in other districts. Rain has fallen in Oregon and Washington Territory, and northwesterly winds in Northern California. Scattered showers are also reported on San Francisco and in San Mateo and Santa Clara counties. Following are amounts: Portland, 22; Roseburg, 29; Eureka, 18; Redwood, 12; San Francisco, 0.

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SOUTHERN PACIFIC REPORT.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Anaheim.

THE RAILROAD SITUATION—OIL.
ANAHEIM, Jan. 26.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The boom, which had an inception a few weeks ago, shows no sign of abatement. Prices of town lots and property generally stiffen from day to day, and purchasers are making profits on quick turns and are eager for further speculation.

Extensive preparations are being made for the reception of visitors who are expected on the grand excursion train from Los Angeles on Saturday next. [Postscript till Thursday.—Ed.] The boom continues, and a ladies' engagement in the preparation of an elaborate dinner, which is to be free to all.

Four carloads of iron rails for the street-car railroad arrived on Wednesday, and are already strung along the whole length of Center street. Only about one-half of the ties necessary for the road have arrived, thus delaying the laying of the track. Substantial and handsome houses have been started and naming is in progress, and the road is completed, and await the building of the road. It is the intention of the company to utilize all available force in building the road immediately upon the arrival of the balance of the material.

An incorporation called "The Anaheim Building and Improvement Society" has been formed which will at once commence the erection of a large building for the use of rent. Sufficient of the capital stock has already been subscribed to insure the success of the undertaking. Chief Engineer Perris of the California Southern Company was in town last week to confer with citizens relative to right of way through town and the location of depot grounds. Grading for the Riverside and Los Angeles Railroad is now in progress, and the line will be grading ditches in the Yorba district. On Wednesday a long string of heavy freight wagons loaded with men and implements from Ontario, where they had been engaged in grading the Los Angeles and San Bernardino Railroad, passed through town en route to the San Juan Capistrano Cañon, where efforts are being made to secure important vantage points for the Central Pacific's San Diego extension. The removal of the obstacles to the new farm 3 miles north of town has been completed.

By & Gröt's barber shop was burglarized on Monday night and a quantity of razors and other barber's material stolen.

A company of amateurs gave a very successful minstrel performance in Kruger's Hall on Monday evening before a large audience.

At the Anaheim oil wells work is progressing with promising outlook. One well is now down 850 feet and producing about three barrels of oil per day. Large quantities of asphaltum are mined near the wells, melted into blocks and shipped to Los Angeles for the manufacture of pavements.

The new hotel, the "Anaheim," on the Los Angeles boulevard, is engaged in grading new streets, building sidewalks and planting ornamental trees on the tracts of land proposed to be sold at auction on Saturday next.

Among the needs of Anaheim is a well-kept restaurant. A good field is open for a profitable business to the right man.

Orange.

NEWS AND NOTES.
ORANGE, Jan. 27.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The irrigating ditches are brim full of water, and all is being used.

The new Palmyra Hotel is nearly complete, and will be furnished immediately.

Pears, plums and saucer peaches are already blooming.

Mr. Tiffany, of Dakota, is spending a few days with his friend, Mr. Culver, at Orange, two or three years ago, has returned, and likes this valley better than ever.

Several more street lamps have been put up on Glassell street. They now extend as far south as the new hotel.

A party of excursionists from the East, under the superintendence of Dr. Sieber, are expected in Orange about the 1st of next.

The Modena school has reopened with a new teacher, as Miss Pinkham was not able, for the present, to resume her duties there.

The W. C. T. U. will hold its next regular session, Wednesday the 2d, at the residence of Mrs. Harper, of Modena.

Arthur West, of McPherson, has been experimenting on scale bugs with the new insecticide, pastes, and is now more watching for results. One thing is certain, it will not injure the tree, but leaves it very bright and beautiful, and the expense, except for labor, amounts to nothing. A.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

(This is the TIMES-MIRROR's Public Forum. Those who would stand thereon must first give the Editor their real names and be responsible for their opinions and statements. Cultivate brevity, clearness of style and timeliness; write plainly and to live topics, and use one side of the sheet only.)

THE WAY IT WORKS.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 27, 1887.—(To the Editor of THE TIMES.) I arrived in this lovely city January 11th. Found permanent quarters by the 15th and directed all my letters, etc., sent to my street number. But knowing how crowded the postoffice envelope was, I called next day at the general delivery for letters. Last evening I received a letter that was mailed to me January 12th and reached Los Angeles January 14th. The letter made an appointment for me to be at Fresno January 23d, where friends would meet me and convey me 70 miles inland. Not receiving the letter till the evening of January 26th, it made me anxious, and I called at the general delivery 23d to greet my friends who had driven 70 miles to meet me. This is only one out of a thousand or more similar instances of the beauties of our Vilas management of affairs in this growing town. And the people cry "How long, O Lord, how long?" "INDIGNANT AND UNHAPPY CITIZEN."

Free Lectures.

Rev. Dr. E. Schreiber will deliver his second lecture on the "Influence of Judaism Upon the Protestant Reformation" in English in the synagogue at 7:30. Subject: "The Dominicans and Johannes Prefermorn."

Attorneys.

MORTIMER & HARRIS, ATTORNEYS and Counselors at Law. Rooms 76 and 78 Temple block, Los Angeles. Rank Harris (bent native of Toronto, Canada); C. W. Mortimer.

J. E. SCOTT, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Rooms 21 and 22 Temple block, Los Angeles.

A. ANDERSON, FITZGERALD & ANDERSON, Attorneys at Law. Office, rooms 5, 7, 9 and 11 Lawyers' building, Temple street.

W. W. TAYLOR, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 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1857, 1859, 1861, 1863, 1865, 1867, 1869, 1871, 1873, 1875, 1877, 1879, 1881, 1883, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891, 1893, 1895, 1897, 1899, 1901, 1903, 1905, 1907, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915, 1917, 1919, 1921, 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929, 1931, 1933, 1935,

OUR CLAIM.

California Should Have One of the New Commissioners.
(San Francisco Chronicle.)

The Inter-State Commerce Bill provides for the appointment of five commissioners, and directs that not more than three of them shall belong to the same political party. This will naturally make the composition of the commission three Democrats and two Republicans. The salary of the commissioners is to be \$7500 a year, each, and, no doubt, the positions will be eagerly sought, not only for the salary, but for the opportunity which the office will present for turning a dishonest penny.

We regard these positions as among the most important in the gift of the President, and Congress evidently looked at the matter in the same light in requiring the appointments to be confirmed by the Senate. This commission will possess the powers of a court clothed with large jurisdiction and a speedy and effective method of enforcing its decrees, and the utmost care should be exercised by the President and Senate in their selection of the incumbents. No man should be selected who is a notorious partisan of the great railroads and their methods, nor on the other hand should such men be put upon this commission as have grievances to avenge or wrongs to redress. The judicial character of the commission should be constantly borne in mind in constituting it, and the same qualifications of fairness, judicial ability and absolute integrity should be a prerequisite to holding this office as are necessary and proper in the appointment of judges.

The people have no quarrel with railroads or railroad companies, because they are what they are. Every one fully appreciates the value of railroads, and wants them to have all that is due them. Every right of a railroad corporation should be just as completely protected as the rights of any other person or corporation. It is only the fact that these great corporations have not been content with their rights, but have uniformly sought to infringe upon the rights of others, that has led to the almost universal feeling of distrust and dislike on the part of the people. It is this constant encroachment upon private rights, this eager grasping and reaching for more than belongs to them, and the unscrupulous methods employed to attain their ends, which has made an inter-State commission necessary, to stand between the rich and powerful corporations and the people to whom they owe their existence. It is the widespread opinion of the corporate disregard of popular rights, summarized by Vanderbilt in his brief sentence of commination, that has finally crystallized into a national law to adjust the relations between railroads and their patrons on an equitable basis.

The Pacific coast is certainly entitled to one of the commissioners. It will not be many years before the great Eastern railroad systems will extend their lines entirely across the continent, and the present century will probably see four or five additional competing lines. Our commerce must be necessarily inter-State, and we need direct representation upon the commission. No stranger to this coast can as well protect us and care for our rights as one of our own citizens; and he should be one who believes in the future of his own State and her neighbors, and who will see equal and exact justice done, so far as it is in his power. We do not lack material, either as to ability to understand the position of affairs or as to inflexible purpose to carry out measures of equity and justice; and we feel that we have a right to insist that we shall not be neglected in the formation of the commission.

A FORMER LADY OF THE WHITE HOUSE.

Spending the Winter in Dresden—Her Great Bereavement.
(New York Sun.)

Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnston, the niece of the late President Buchanan, is living this winter in Dresden, with which city she expresses herself as much pleased. She was accompanied abroad by two young lady cousins—the Misses Riddle—and her intention is to remain a year or more. Mrs. Johnston was much annoyed previous to leaving her home by an interview purporting to have been held between her and a reporter of a Philadelphia newspaper. In this interview it was stated that she saw the reporter in the drawing-room of her home in Park street, Baltimore, and "looked even more beautiful in her robes of widowhood and motherhood" than in her earlier years. She is reported as having given to her visitor her recollections of her life at the Court of St. James and in the White House, and to have confided to him the fact that she would publish the notes she had kept of the important events in her life. The interview closed with some other statements attributed to Mrs. Johnston, the whole making an interesting account. In a recent letter from one of Mrs. Johnston's traveling party, received by a mutual friend in New York, this reference is made to the newspaper story:

She (Mrs. Johnston) knew nothing until she saw it in print. The writer of the article came to see her about a book he was getting up on another subject, and she had no personal talk with him at all, although he writes as if he was relating a conversation he had had with her. . . . She considers the article in most wretched taste, and it has annoyed her extremely.

Mrs. Johnston has held the highest social position an American woman can hold, both in this country and in England, and she is a high-bred woman, of stately manner and beautiful personality. Of late years Mrs. Johnston has lived in the strictest seclusion, mourning the untimely loss of both her children, two noble boys, and of her husband, the late Henry Elliott Johnston, of Baltimore. She has no near relative in the world, and within the past 4 or 5 years she has lost many of her near friends. She is trying to interest herself in the sight-seeing of her two young cousins, and to recover at least her serenity and cheerfulness. She occasionally receives an old friend; who vainly strives to lure her from her seclusion, and all who see her admire her serious manner and stately grace even more than they did her earlier charms.

Alarmed wife to husband, who has just come in: "Why, John, dear, you look ill! Husband: I may (he) look ill, m'dear, but (he) I feel fir's-rate."—[Philadelphia North American.]

Old Man's Nursery Rhyme.

In the jolly winters
Of the dead-and-gone.
It was not as cold as now—
O! Not No!
Then, as I remember,
There used to be
Were as good as apples now
And every bit as sweet.

In the jolly winters
Of the dead-and-gone.
Bub was warm as summer.
With his red mit on—
Just in his little waist.
And his mitts, warmer,
Who ever heard him grow!
About cold weather?

In the jolly winters
Of the long ago—
Was it half as cold as now?
O! No! Not No!
Who ever heard his death o' cold,
Making prints of men
Flat-backed in snow that now's
Twice as cold again?

In the jolly winters
Of the dead-and-gone.
Starting out rabbit hunting
Early as the day,
Who ever froze his fingers,
Ears, heels or toes—
Or'd a care if he had—
Nobody knows.

Nights by the kitchen stove
Shelling white and red
Corn in the skillet, and
Sticks for the fire!

Ah, the jolly winters
Of the long ago!

We were not so old as now—
O! No! Not No!

—[James Whitcomb Riley in Indianapolis Journal.]

"LITTLE ALICE."

Betrayed, Heartbroken—A Mysterious Case.
(Santa Barbara Press.)

About three months ago there arrived in Santa Barbara from somewhere, a young woman about 19 years of age, very beautiful and with a decided hectic flush. She was sick, penniless and heartbroken, and in this condition she was found and cared for by a number of kind hearted ladies of Santa Barbara. She was provided with a room and care at the Rodriguez house on De la Guerra street, where she was frequently visited by the ladies under whose protection she was and others who had become acquainted with her sad condition. Disease rapidly consumed her strength and vitality, and last Friday morning the last spark of life flickered and went out. The funeral took place yesterday forenoon from the house that had last sheltered her, Rev. Selah Brown officiating ministerially.

The history of this young woman, or as much of it as she would divulge, is quite pathetic. When 16 years of age—three years ago—she ran away from her home in New York, with an oily-tongued, promising young man of whom she had become enamored. There was a marriage ceremony to satisfy her mind, but no certificate or license of law. While traveling on a railroad in making a change of cars her lover disappeared, leaving no trace behind, no word of explanation. None would be needed by a person experienced in the ways of the world, but the forsaken girl drifted about heartbroken, and finally came to Santa Barbara to die, unknown to any one here. She refused to tell her name, who her family was, where they lived, or to allow any word to be sent to them. She had never heard from them since leaving home and didn't want them to know her fate. When asked her name she would answer, "Call me Alice."

Gen. Logan's Bravery in Battle.
(Chicago Herald.)

"I was with Gen. Logan all through the war," said a military-looking man on the rear end of a Madison street car last evening, "and in all that time I never saw him shrink in battle. I used to think Hancock led a charmed life, but Logan's contempt for singing and schreeching lead was even more pronounced than that of the great West Point soldier. While the battle of Kenesaw Mountain was in progress, I saw Logan ride at full speed in front of our lines when the bullets seemed to be falling thicker than hail. Bare-headed, powder-stained, and his long black hair fluttering in the breeze, the General looked like a mighty conqueror of medieval days. He did not know what danger was. Standing upright in the stirrups of his saddle, I have seen him plunge to the head of the charging column and bury himself in the smoke and flame of the enemy's guns. A few moments before the good McPherson fell at Atlanta a shell burst within twenty feet of Gen. Logan, turning to McPherson, who had been slightly stunned by the explosion, Logan remarked:

"General, they seem to be popping that corn for us."

"Twenty minutes later McPherson lay bleeding on the field, while Logan, who had assumed command of the troops, was hurling his battalions against the enemy with the skill of a born soldier."

Eighteen Churches Wanted.
(San Francisco Chronicle, Jan. 24.)

As an introduction to his discourse on "The Crisis and Danger of the Present Hour" yesterday morning, at the First Congregational Church, Rev. Dr. Barrows introduced Rev. Dr. Warren, of the Home Missionary Society, who, he said, had just returned with him from a visit to Southern California, and who would make a report. Dr. Warren said they had found eighteen places in Southern California where churches were wanted and might be established within three months, if they had the men and the means, but the missionary society he represented had run behind some \$50,000 during the past year and had called a halt and determined to undertake no new work now, so that these opportunities must pass for the present unimproved. It was most unfortunate, he said, for there was great activity in that section of the State and great prosperity in business matters. Great numbers were coming from the East, and it was a most important matter that these new mission churches should be immediately established, and in a short time they would become self-supporting.

Pods and All.
(Correspondent New York Tribune.)

The green shells of peas absorb sweetness from the kernel is a novel thought to me, but very credible. At any rate, the soft inner layer of the shells is often much sweeter than the pea themselves. We like the sugar pea, the shells of which become wholly soft by cooking, and often slice off the stringy edging of the pods of the pea and cook the remainder with the peas inclosed, for the sake of the enhanced sweetness and flavor, retaining also the modicum of water in which they were boiled, as we also do with asparagus, thus retaining much fine flavor.

Bank Statements.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

PARMERS & MERCHANTS' BANK,
Of Los Angeles.

At the close of business,
DECEMBER 31, 1886.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand..... \$766,427.40

Cash with banks in San
Francisco, New York,
London, Paris and Chi-
cago..... 280,254.30

Cash on call..... 130,000.00

Total cash available..... \$1,176,681.70

U. S. 4 per cent. and other
ment bonds..... 460,787.33

Stocks and warrants..... 62,393.42

Loans and discounts..... 1,043,285.51

Yards, safe and office furniture..... 6,000.00

Real estate..... 14,007.25

 \$3,906,127.31

LIABILITIES.

Capital (paid up)..... \$500,000.00

Surplus..... 450,000.00

Undivided profits..... 80,304.75

Due to depositors..... 3,170,577.56

Dividends (declared and uncalled
for)..... 2,545.00

 \$3,906,127.31

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Jan. 1, 1887.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ss.

L. C. Goodwin, vice-president, and John Milner, secretary, of the Farmers & Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, each for himself, and for the bank, do solemnly swear that the statement of the condition is true to the best of his knowledge and belief:

(Signed) L. C. GOODWIN, Vice-President.

(Signed) JOHN H. MILNER, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of January, 1887.

ROBERT CHAPMAN, Notary Public.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

At Los Angeles, in the State of California,

At the close of business, December 28, 1886.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts..... \$1,214,554.00

Overdrafts..... 9,447.00

U. S. bonds to secure circulation..... 88,000.00

U. S. bonds on hand..... 1,300.00

Current and interest on loans..... 12,000.00

Due from approved reserve agents..... 300,095.24

Due from other National Banks..... 23,197.50

Due from State banks and bankers..... 70,829.75

Real estate, furniture and fixtures..... 12,000.00

Current expenses and taxes paid..... 7,046.00

Premiums paid..... 1,000.00

Checks and other cash items..... 9,421.00

Bills of other banks..... 3,975.00

Postage, paper, stationery, library
and cents..... 102.56

Specie..... 438,265.00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasury
user (6 per cent. of circulation)..... 3,900.00

 \$2,531,004.75

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in..... \$100,000.00

Surplus fund..... 99,987.18

National Bank notes outstanding..... 71,430.00

Current and interest on loans paid
check..... 1,961.15

Demand certificates of deposit..... 56,255.00

Certified checks..... 10,000.00

Current checks outstanding..... 14,000.00

Due to other National Banks..... 76,921.82

Due to State banks and bankers..... 37,388.50

 \$1,531,004.75

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ss.

I. J. M. Elliott, cashier of the above-named
bank, do solemnly swear that the above state-
ment is true to the best of my knowledge and
belief.

J. M. ELLIOTT, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th
day of January, 1887.

[S. P.] H. W. O'MELVENY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

E. F. SPENCER,
JOHN D. BICKNELL, Directors.

J. F. CRANK.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK.

At Los Angeles, in the State of California,

At the close of business, December 28, 1886.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts..... \$781,224.87

Overdrafts..... 12,182.95

U. S. bonds to secure circulation..... 50,000.00

U. S. bonds to secure deposits..... 50,000.00

U.

TENNYSON'S EARLY LOVE.
The Original of "Maud" and the Heroine of "Locksley Hall."
(New York Word.)

Those who are familiar with the story of Alfred Tennyson's life (the new name does not suit him as well as the old), will smile on reading his latest work, "Locksley Hall 30 Years After," over the spirit of self-deception which runs throughout the verses. To the world "Maud" and "Locksley Hall" are beautiful poems only. A few know that they are something more than poems of the imagination—they are heart records. In the sequel to "Locksley Hall," just published, the poet tells his grandson that he could never have loved a worldling like Judith, who has played such sad havoc with the susceptible youth's feelings, but this is precisely what he did. When Alfred Tennyson was a promising young poet, crowned with Oxford's academic laurels, he wooed his first cousin, the story of which wooing he afterward wove into beautiful verse and gave to the world. Another suitor, the wealthy heir to the Earldom of Boyne, however, appeared on the scene, and the fair Amy, afterward so liberally adjectived as "false and servile," became a peeress.

Lord Boyne, who is the owner of large estates and valuable coal mines in the county of Durham, the heart of the northern coal fields of England, freely extended his hospitality to his bride's cousin at Brancepeth castle, a modern but imposing mansion. The poet repaid the kindness by satirizing the good-natured peer, his brand-new title and his recently-acquired wealth most mercilessly in "Maud" and "Locksley Hall." Independent of his wife's very natural indignation Lord Boyne was not gratified to find his beautiful home described by a recent guest as a "gawgaw" castle, or at having the world informed in verse, however harmonious, that his wealth had come from the sweat of miners; neither did he enjoy the thought that the tongues of the world were wagging over the story of his money having bought him a wife who preferred another lover. It is possible, too, he failed to see the beauty of those Rembrandt-like touches wherein he is described as a clown and drunken. It might be beautiful poetry, the outraged host urged, but it was not good taste, and it was not true. His lordship is certainly one of the most commonplace and uninteresting of peers or of commoners, but he is neither coarse nor drunken, and Brancepeth castle with its shivering larches knew Tennyson no more.

Mr. Tennyson's wounds healed like those of many another lovesick swain whose limited faculty of expression could not lead him into such a betrayal of the Lovers and Penates; but popular as he is as a poet, he has never gone to the hearts of the English people. In his early days he was radical to the core, and his verses overflowed with the best instincts of humanity. Time has brought him wealth and he has accepted a peerage, from which it is safe to assume that he no longer feels that contempt for new titles which he did in the days when he lampooned his successful rival. In reading his latest production one is reminded of a famous mot applied by a wit to an overpraised nobleman: "I heard you were a lord among wits, but I find you are only a wit among lords." Alfred Tennyson was once a lord among poets—his new volume has proved him merely a poet among lords.

Cheaper and Adulterated Goods.
(Chicago Journal of Commerce.)

There are many spasmodic complaints of impure, adulterated, imperfect and unsound articles of production offered to purchasers and consumers, and remedies asked for. The sugar is adulterated with sand and glucose, the coffee and spices with various foreign and cheaper substances, the woolen goods are part cotton, or hair or shoddy, the silk is weightened and stiffened by colors and jute and cotton, the iron is part cinder or from poor ore, nails made from scrap or old rails, steel is anything but steel, our silver is platinum or zinc or sterling or nickel, our gold is copper and zinc and tin and silver and lead; in short, the world is a deceit, a cheat, a humbug and a fraud.

But this is so? In the world shoddy, paste, padded, veneered and varnished? If so, why? What is the remedy? Is there no profit in genuine material, honest work and truthful results? But, again, we may ask, do not producers make what there is a market for? Does the world want the genuine, honest, pure and unadulterated, or does it want something "just as good?"

While America has all the protection necessary from the foreign cheat and nasty products, she ought to be able to produce the genuine. If our ports were open and free to the floods of imitation trash of the world there might be excuse for trick, deceit and fraud.

But where is the blame? Do the people want to pretend for what they are not, want to appear to live above or out of their honest spheres? Is it not the want of genuine, honest, healthful character on the part of the people which gives market to shoddy?

Suppose it is, but who can tell the difference? My diamonds shine just as my neighbor's in real. We eat and drink and sleep and wear as our inherent honesty of character compels, and a world absorbed in its own affairs take little heed. If our own standard of manhood and womanhood is satisfied, justifies us, then where is the blame?

But is anybody deceived? Is it not a reflection upon the intelligence of the American people to say they are deceived or cheated? Are there any who will admit they are so ignorant? Do we buy two dollars' worth for 50 cents? Do we ever believe the representations of sellers? Do we ever believe our eyes, our ears or our noses regarding the purchase of two dollars for 50 cents? The world makes what is a demand for. Cheap clothes, cheap foods, cheap tools, cheap gas and cheap steam and electricity, and cheap diamonds and—cheap people.

First-Reader Lessons.
(Ralph E. Hoyt in Chicago Tribune.)

THE ELEPHANT.
Here is an Elephant. See how Big he is. That long, limber thing in front is not his tail, because it is at the wrong end of the Elephant. If it were at the other end it would be his tail. It is not a Rubber Hose, such as Firemen use in pouring water on the Man who yells "fire." It is the Ele-

phant's Trunk. He always carries a Trunk when he travels. But he never keeps it checked on the Cars. He keeps it under his Eyes where he can Watch it. His Trunk was never Stolen nor burst open by the Wicked Baggage Man. He keeps his clean shirts and hairbrush in his Trunk. Once a Baggage Man tried to break open the Elephant's Trunk, and the Man's Widow now takes in Sewing. The Elephant is a native of Oshkosh. He was caught with a Rope while packing his Trunk for a Railroad Trip.

THE BOY.
This is a Boy. He is a small Boy. He is his Mother's Son. He is also his Father's Son. He is not as old as his Father, but he knows a great deal more. He is not afraid of Work. He is never scared to see his Parents toil for his Good. He goes to School—sometimes. That is, he goes there when it rains so he can't go Fishing nor play Ball. But he had rather go to the Circus than to the School. At School he studies three branches—Reading, Spelling and Mischief. He loves to eat Bread and Butter, and Tie a Tin Pan to the Dog's Tail. Some Boys steal. They begin when young and keep it up. Then they learn to get Drunk, and do all sorts of bad things. And when they grow up to be men they are liable to be sent to—Congress. Boys should be honest and never get caught in any bad Scrapes. It is a sad thing to be Caught.

THE BEE.
Here is a Bee. He is a lively little Bird. He likes to Swarm. This is why the great poet Burns said that Bees of a feather flock together. The Bee is most always healthy. The only disease he has is the Hives. He is a Builder. He builds cells and calls them Honey and then sells them. He bites with his Tail, as his teeth are poor. The Bee is an honest Bird. He never gets on a Spree. When a small Boy first sees his letters he sees a B and goes for it.

THE TWO WOMEN.

On Trial for their Lives for Murder in California.
(Exchange.)

There are two women in this State now on trial for their lives—one in Sacramento, the other in San Francisco. One is accused of killing her betrayer, the other of stabbing to death her husband. It is natural that public sympathy should go out to these women and regard their offenses as in a measure excusable. The unwritten law in every American community which holds a woman guiltless who, in the desperation of her sorrow, or in the face of a dishonored life, sheds the blood of her betrayer, is not dormant here. It is active and controlling as the chivalric respect which all true men feel for gentle womanhood, whose affections are in nine cases out of ten the agencies of her undoing. There can be no doubt that the young woman at Sacramento was betrayed by the man whose life she sacrificed. A man's life in atonement for a woman's honor has been held as a rightful exception in all civilized lands, and California will prove, we feel assured, no exception to the rule.

So, too, in the case of Mrs. Higgins, on trial in this city. She killed her husband in a moment of indignant passion, which the life into which he had led her was peculiarly calculated to foster. He had devoted her to infamy. He lived upon the proceeds of her shame, and saw no wrong in making merchandise of the woman it was his duty to cherish and protect. The heart sickens in contemplating a wretch like this.

Humanity can sink no lower than the depths of villainous degeneracy into which this man had fallen. To say that a woman's life, however degraded, should be taken in atonement for the sacrifice of his, would be an insult to common decency. The man was too vile to live, no matter who took his life. His existence was a public offense. It outraged human nature.

The conditions which surround these two women are entirely different from those which attach to murders in general. They are apart from the usual figures in tragic crime. The motives which impelled them are not those which society condemns. Around their blighted lives are none of the sinister shades which define the heartless homicide. Theirs was the impulse of outraged womanhood—their act was the despairing deed of wronged and helpless women, who struck back upon those who had thrown them like weeds upon the world, wrecks in all the humanizing virtues and decencies of life. Society is the better for the blow which deprives such men of life. It may not mend the wrong that has been done; it cannot erase the stains inflicted upon the souls of their victims—but it stops their evil and renders the world better for their riddance. In a land where the refining influences of civilization and religion hold sway, there is no room for the soiler of a woman's life, nor for the betrayer of a woman's innocence.

THE NEW PARAGON.

SCHOOL DESK:
The Best in the World.

The appointed day has been appointed Sole Agents for Southern California for the sale of the "Paragon School Furniture," now prepared to give the lowest rates to all requiring a FIRST-CLASS SCHOOL DESK.

LAZARUS & MELZER,
Educators, Booksellers,
Los Angeles, Cal.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

LOS ANGELES SAVINGS BANK.

The Board of Directors of the Los Angeles Savings Bank have declared a dividend at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum on deposits and three (3) per cent per annum on ordinary deposits, for the half-year ending December 31, 1886, payable on and after January 3, 1887.

J. V. WACHTEL,
Secretary.

OPPORTUNITY FOR CAPITALISTS.

MRS. J. C. VAUGHAN,
owner of the large ranch, southeast corner of Main and Jefferson streets, in Los Angeles, has sold the same as her residence to the place on the market for a few days at \$1500 per acre.

Terms of payment given on application to me. G. A. THROOP, Agent.

Jan. 10, 1887.

H. T. HAZARD,
HAZARD & TOWNSEND,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS.

And Attorney in patent cases. Practice patent in all countries. The only complete Patent Office Library in Southern California. Copyrights, Trade Marks and Labels. Room 9, Downey block, Los Angeles, Cal.

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Freight of all kinds delivered to all parts of the city and country. Piano, furniture and safe moving a specialty. Telephone, 493. Office, No. 9 Market street, corner Spring. All bills of lading left at our office will receive prompt attention.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES FOR

THE ELEPHANT.

The fellow who forgets a good deal that has happened doesn't worry us half as much as the fellow who remembers a good deal that never happened.—(Philadelphia Call.)

A young man came to us the other day, and wanted to know if we could tell him where he could get a position with a chance to rise. We directed him to the nearest powder mill. —(Burlington Free Press.)

MILTON THOMAS.

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M. & P. SHORT

Have just received their fall and winter goods in all the latest styles, including

CASIMERS, HAIRLINES, CORKSCREWS, TWEEZERS, P.R.C., ETC., ETC.

We guarantee first-class

CUTTING AND WORKMANSHIP:

And make the very finest tailoring in the city at a genuine reduction of fully twenty-five per cent. from the charges of high-rented up-town stores.

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M. & P. SHORT,
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Hardware, Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber Hose, Cotton Hose, Iron Pipe, Pumps, Shovels, Spades, Tools, Axes, Saws, Bits, Stamped Ware, Agate Ware, Tin and Steel Iron Ware (our own make). The best selected stock in town, and as low as can be bought anywhere.

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ARTESIAN WELL PIPE A SPECIALTY.

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NEEDHAM'S Red Clover Bioassay Extract prepared from the Red Clover of the Salt River and all diseases arising from the blood: with the exception of all pimpled eruptions; is a sure cure for Constitution and many other

diseases. Both laxative and tonic. Needham's Red Clover cures after everything else fails. For full particulars, testimonials of cures, etc., address the agent, M. CHESTER, Intelligent Office 35 S. Spring st., Los Angeles, next door to Childress Bank.

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Another carload just arrived. This is a good working range and makes either either or coal. The rates are made expressly for my trade. I buy them direct from the foundry, hence their cheapness.

Country orders solicited. Send for illustrated circular of this range. F. E. BROWNE,
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